United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received data entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

<u>1. Nam</u>	1e				
historic	Robert Morris Ir	nn			
and/or common	Riverview House	e, "Sinclair Hous	se," "Sandaway"		
	ation				
street & number	East side of Mc	orris Street at	be Strand	not for publica	ation
city, town	Oxford	vicinity of	congressional district	First	
state	Maryland cod	e 24 county	Talbot	code	041
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted x yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricultureX_ commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private res religious scientific transporta	
treet & number	enneth H. Gibson The Strand,	P. O. Box 26			
city, town	Oxford	vicinity of	state	Maryland	216
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Description	on		
ourthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Talbot County C	ourthouse		
treet & number		North Washingto	n Street		
ity, town		Easton	state	Maryland	2160
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing S	Surveys		
tle		has this pro	perty been determined ele	gible? yes	no
late			federal state		.,,,,,,,
epository for su	rvey records				
ity, town			state		

7. Description				T-249
Condition X excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Robert Morris Inn is located at the southeast corner of Morris Street at the Strand, overlooking the Tred Avon River in Oxford, Talbot County, Maryland. The structure consists of three stories and a half basement and occupies an area of 5,440 square feet on property consisting of 0.85 acre.

The inner core area of the Inn dates from the $I_{FS}\mathcal{T}$ half of the century when it served as a residence. However, the great majority of the present physical interior fabric and the entire exterior frame dates from the Robins' Hotel period of the 1870s. The remains of the oldest portion of the structure are encased in the former residential section of the Inn, with the major addition being added to the residence in the 1870s. tavern addition was constructed during the mid-twentieth century.

During the eighteenth century the building appears to have been a large, five-bay, center hall plan, four-room residence. Local lore substantiates this description and examination of the existing basement suggests that the structure may have had such a plan. Freestanding masonry pad foundations can be found to either side of the center hall in the base-The northern section of the Inn still has a large freestanding ment area. chimney stack resting on this foundation. This suggests that the souther two bays of the residence were destroyed sometime between the mid-eightee. . century and the Civil War for the construction of the main block of the present Inn.

A fine period stairway graces the hallway and rises in its original form to the third floor level. The ballusters and handrail are exceptionally fine and the stair exhibits a comfortably low riser-tread relationship. Fine murals by John Moll grace the hall.

Small passageways still connect the two parlor rooms in the northern end of the residence on either side of the chimney. Both double parlors on the first and second floors exhibit exceptional eighteenth century raised panel pine paneling and woodwork. The interiors of these four rooms are the sole survivors of the pre-Robins' Hotel period. The mansarded third floor over the residence dates from the 1870 period. All of the other interior doors and woodwork of the 1870s Inn addition are of standard Victorian vernacular design.

The first floor sash are nine-over-nine. The second floor sash are four-over-four, as are the empire, dormered, third floor windows projecting from the mansard roof. The two large chimneys found at the southern ends of the Inn and the tavern wing were inspired by the Williamsburg colonial revival of the mid-twentieth century. The addition of a large front porch across the facade dates from the 1870s period.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

N. JONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

Robert Morris Inn Talbot County CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland **ITEM NUMBER**

PAGE

(DESCRIPTION, continued)

The large dining room on the first floor of the Inn has been greatly altered. The impressive murals in this room are copies made from wallpaper samples used by salesmen in the 1830s. They were printed on a screw type press using 1600 orangewood blocks. The originals of these scenes, representing the Plains of West Point, a Winnipeg Indian village, the Natural Bridge of Virginia and Boston Harbor, were obtained by Mrs. John F. Kennedy and used in the White House reception room.

Enclosed within this folder are ten black and white enlargements, taken in 1977. Because the interior and exterior of the Robert Morris Inn has not changed since the photographs were taken, they were approved by Emma Jane Saxe, of the National Register of Historic Places. A letter dated January 22, 1980, illustrates verification.

1400–1499 1500–1599	agriculture _X_ architecture art	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	<pre>music philosophy politics/government</pre>	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific dates		Builder/Architect		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

SIGNIFICANCE

Named for a prominent person in Oxford history, the Robert Morris Inn is important both for the excellent Eastern Shore 18th century Classical influenced interior which is retained in the original portio of a structure which is essentially a late 19th century hotel and for its association with the transportation and commercial history of Oxford and Talbot County by providing room and board for travelers who came to the area for business and pleasure from the 19th century to the present.

HISTORY

It is not known exactly when and for whom the Robert Morris Inn was erected. The decorative detailing of the original section suggests a construction date from the late 18th century although some local historians believe the first quarter of the 1700s. This early section was apparently demolished when the building took on its present form of a hotel.

Robert Morris was an Englishman who arrived in Oxford (Talbot County) about 1738 and served as a representative of the English trading firm of Cunliffe Foster and Sons. Foster owned property in Oxford and Morris lived on part of it. By tradition, the original section of the Robert Morris Inn is said to be the house occupied by Morris although some research indicates that Foster may not have owned this particular property. Deed references for the transactions prior to 1839 are incomplete. Morris was the father of Robert Morris the Philadelphia banker who is known as the financer of the American Revolution.

The house was eventually converted for use as a hotel or inn and is referred to in sources as Riverview House and Riverview Hotel. The prominent Goldsborough family occupied the house for a long time during the first half of the 19th century. In April of 1831 the records indicate the property passed to Charles Willis; Willis in turn sold the property to William H. Groome on November 23, 1839. Mr. Groome owned the Inn for twenty four years, along with Elizabeth Kennard. They in turn sold it to Samuel Pentz in March of 1863. Consequently, the Inn passed through the hands of William Pentz, and R.H. Chamberlain to Albert K. Robins. Mr. Robins changed the name to the Robins Hotel, added much of the interior fabric and the entire exterior frame, which remains intact today. This major alteration which removed a substantial portion of the original structure and encased the remaining section in a Second Empire influenced cloak was made about the mid to late 1870s.

After some years of decline, the Robert Morris Inn was revitalized and in 1961 enlarged again. The 20th century renovations, however, did not SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #2.

' UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED

N. MONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

The Robert Morris Inn Talbot County

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

8 PAGE

DATE ENTERED

2

(SIGNIFICANCE, continued)

disturb the basic features of the late 19th century remodeling so that today the Robert Morris Inn is artifact of Oxford's history.

9. Major Bibliographical References

T-249

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #3

10. Geograp	hical Data		
Acreage of nominated prope Quadrangle name Oxf	ord Quadrangle	_	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A 1 8 3 9 7 8 6 0 Zone Easting C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 2 8 3 1 0 0 Northing	B	asting Northing
along Morris Stree	s Street and the	l'E for 198.2	h 13 ⁰ 46' East for 197.4 feet feet; thence N15 ⁰ 21'W for 184.5 feet to the beginning
List all states and counti		ping state or coun	ty boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	epared By	county	code
Ron Andrews organizationRober Morr Trust	is Inn/Maryland H	Historical date	June 6, 1977/January 1980
street & number P.O.Bx.	Ci	State telep rcle	
	Annapolis	state	
The evaluated significance of			fficer Certification
As the designated State Histo 665), I hereby nominate this paccording to the criteria and State Historic Preservation O	property for inclusion in the l procedures set forth by the I	National Register and	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– I certify that it has been evaluated n and Recreation Service.
	IC PRESERVATION C	FFICER	date
For HCRS use only	property is included in the	National Register	date
Keeper of the National Regi	eler		de la companya de la

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

N MONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Robert Morris Inn Talbot County

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER

9 PAGE 3

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Primary Sources

Land and Probate Records of Talbot County, Talbot County Courthouse, Easton, and Hall of Records, Annapolis.

Tax Assessment of 1783 and Federal Direct Nax of 1798, Thirdhaven Hundred, Talbot County. Hall of Records, Annapolis.

Lake, Griffing and Stevenson. Atlas of Talbot County. Philadelphia, 1877.

Secondary Sources

Reps, John W. <u>Tidewater Towns</u>. Williamsburg, Va.: The Colonial Williamsburg Foundation, 1972.

Works Progress Administration Writers' Program. Maryland, a Guide to the Old Line State. Reprint of 1940 ed. New York: Oxford University Press, 1973.

Tilghman, Oswald. <u>History of Talbot County, Maryland</u>. Reprint of 1915 ed. Baltimore: Regional Publishing Co., 1967.

Easton Star-Democrat, March 24, 1961.

Baltimore American, Sept. 13, 1953.

- Oxford Quad Robert Morris Inn Bellevue Goldsborough Flatty Cove Oxford + Oxford

333 BM ВМ John Wesle 0 R Χ F R O Bachelor Point



12 X 1,57

75% 24

T-249